

# Indirect lightning test: The new MIL-STD-461G CS117 vs DO-160G S22



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#### Indirect lightning test equipment supplier ↔ EMC PARTNER



- → Founded in 1994
- → Swiss private company, headquarters in Laufen
- → Largest choice of impulse generators
- → Market leader in supplying equipment for ind. light.
- Development, production and testing in house
- → Global representative network

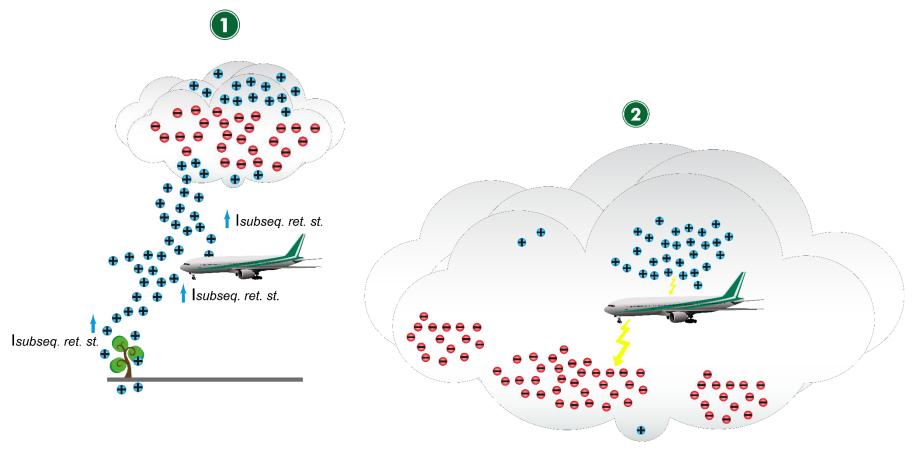


#### Content

- ✓ Introduction
- ✓ Basic considerations
- ✓ Test requirements and test levels compared
- ✓ Calibration and test setup examples
- ✓ Roundup
- ✓ Conclusion



Lightning statistics (Boeing, Onera France): 54,900 events in 2013 Aircraft can be involved in a natural occurring lightning or trigger one

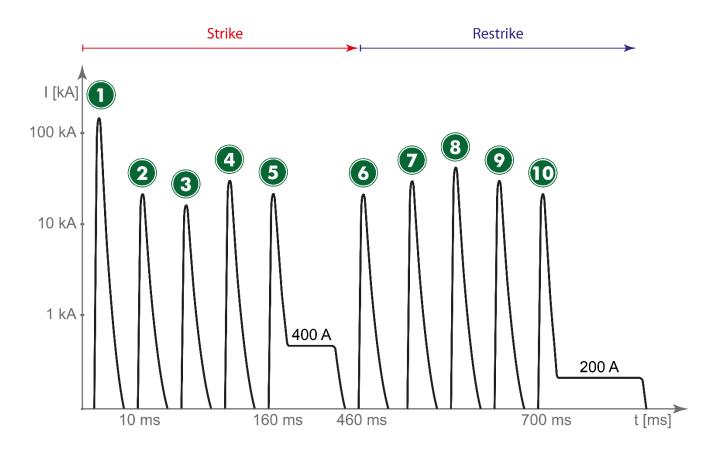


Isubseq. ret. st. — subsequent return stroke current



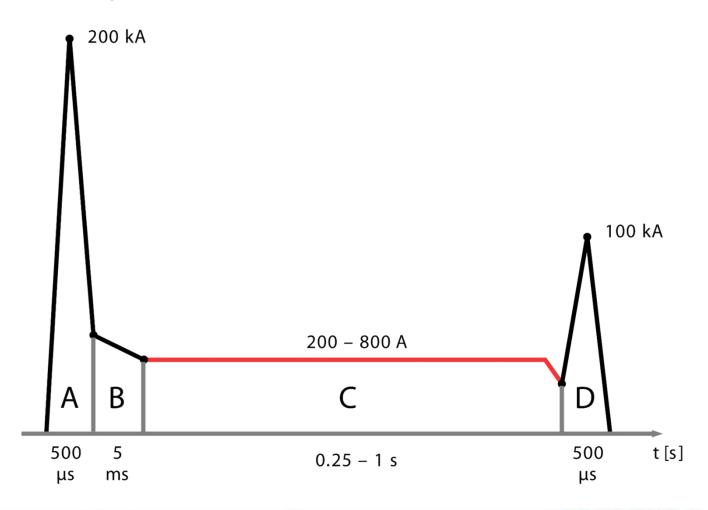
Severe negative real flash to ground:

- ✓ Typically between 1 and 11 strokes, average: 3, max. strokes: 24
- ✓ Total duration: 20 ms 1 s, average duration: 200 ms.





External idealized current components (time not to scale): a very popular diagram in literature



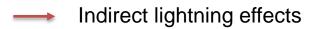


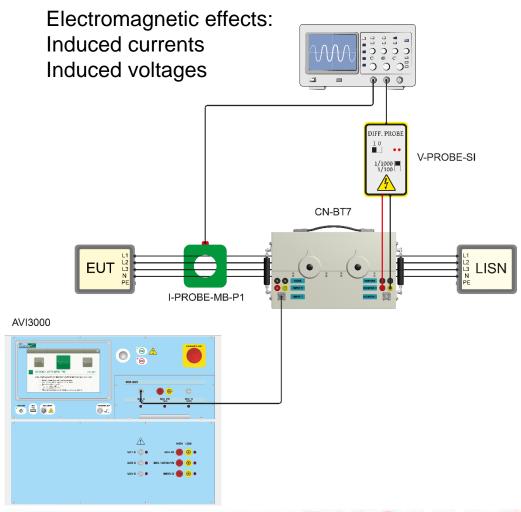
Direct lightning effects

Puncture Burning Melting, etc.











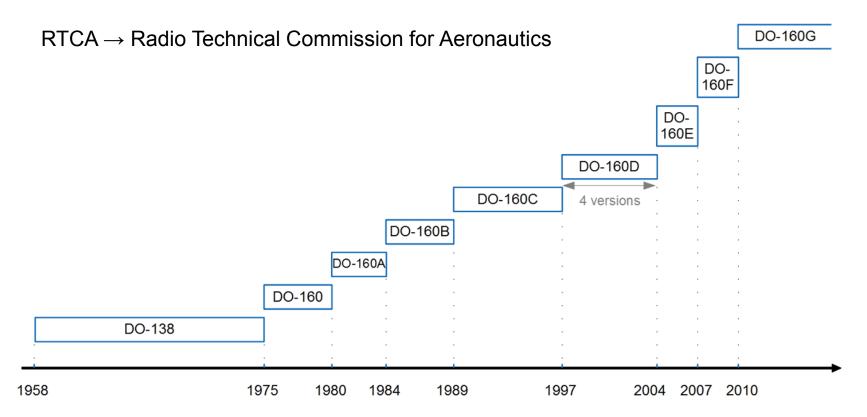
#### Basic considerations

RTCA DO-160G Section 22

Commercial aircraft
Complete set of tests included
In place for a long period

MIL-STD-461G CS117 (new)

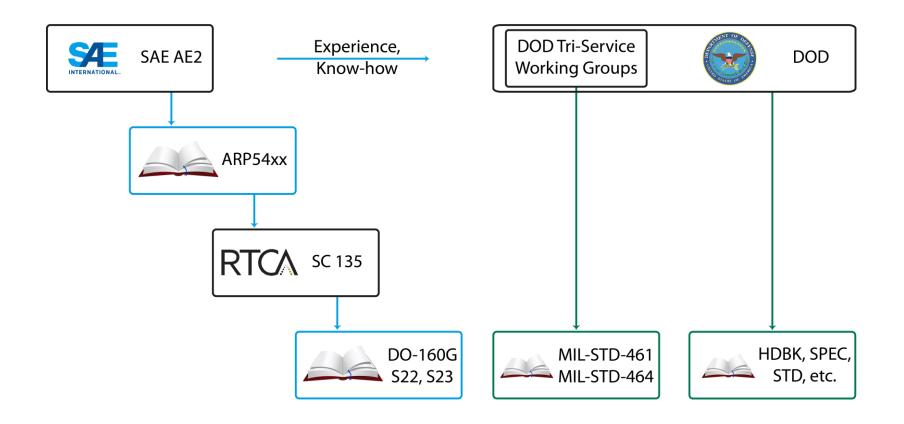
Military aircraft and surface naval ships Complemented by other STDs like 464 Introduced in 2015, based on DO-160G





#### Basic considerations

#### Standardization





#### Test requirements compared

#### RTCA DO-160G Section 22

EUT designation Five test levels



WF set	Test type	Waveforms
А	PIN	3, 4
В	PIN	3, 5A

#### MIL-STD-461G CS117 (new)

No EUT designation Two test levels





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## Test requirements compared: test types

#### RTCA DO-160G Section 22

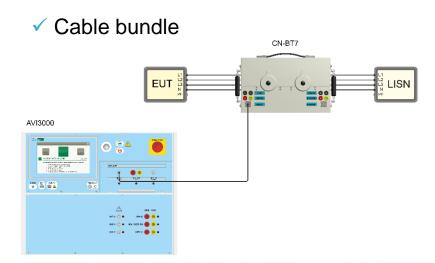
✓ Pin injection

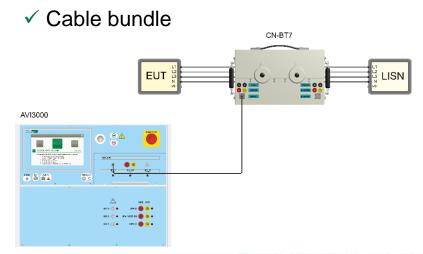




Ø No pin injection requirement





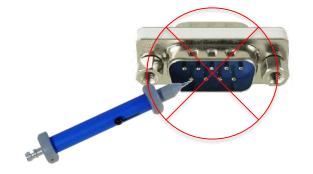




#### Test requirements compared: test types

#### MIL-STD-461G CS117

Why no pin injection requirement in MIL-STD-461G?



#### MIL STD-464:

- ✓ There are two models, one for direct effects and another for indirect effects.
- ✓ The model for indirect effects does not include pin injection.



## Test requirements compared: injection method

#### MIL-STD-461G CS117

Only cable induction (CI) is used as injection method: no direct injection (PIN), no GI

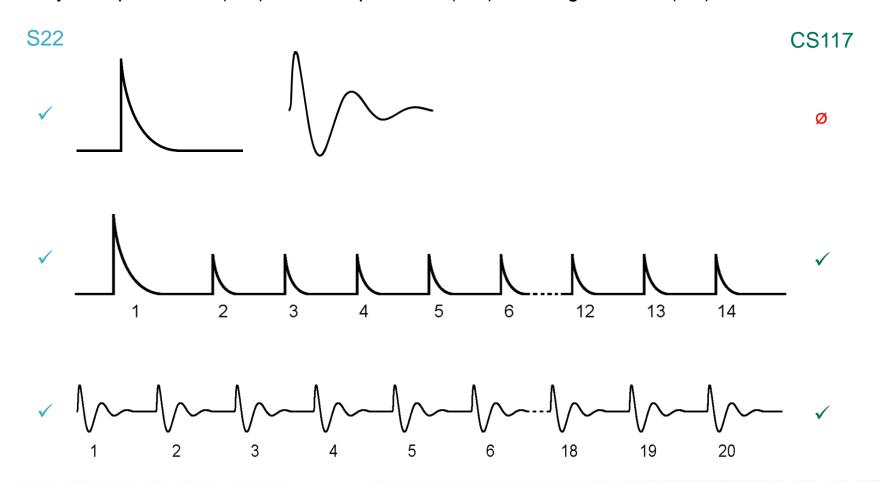
S22	Pulse application	CS117
✓	Pin injection (PIN)	Ø
✓	Cable induction (CI)	✓
<b>✓</b>	Ground Injection (GI)	Ø



## Test requirements compared: signal types

#### MIL-STD-461G CS117

Only Multiple Stroke (MS) and Multiple Burst (MB): no Single Stroke (SS)

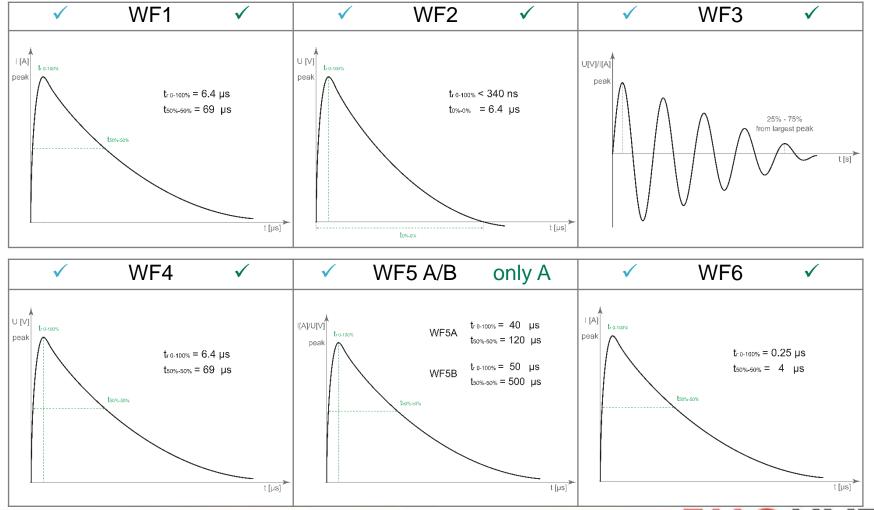




## Test requirements compared: waveforms

#### MIL-STD-461G CS117

All waveforms from S22 present, except WF5B





## Test requirements compared: applicability of tests

#### MIL-STD-461G CS117

Only MS and MB applicable: No CB single stroke (SS), no PIN tests

S22	Type	Signal	WF1	WF2	WF3	WF4	WF5A/B	WF6	CS117
<b>✓</b>		SS	no req	no req	yes	yes	WF5A	no req	Ø
2/2	PIN	MS							/-
n/a		МВ	no requirement				n/a		
<b>√</b>		SS	yes	yes	yes	yes	WF5A	no req	Ø
<b>√</b>	СВ	MS	yes	yes	yes	yes	WF5A	no req	<b>✓</b>
<b>√</b>		MB	no req	no req	yes	no req	no req	yes	<b>✓</b>



## Test levels compared: multiple stroke MS

S22 test level		Waveforms				
		2/1	2/1	3/3	4 / 1	4 / 5A
1631	ICVCI	VL / IT [V/A]	VT / IL [V/A]	VT / IL [V/A]	VT / IL [V/A]	VL / IT [V/A]
L1	FS	50 / 50	50 / 50	100 / 20	25 / 50	20 / 60
LI	Sub.	25 / 25	25 / 25	50 / 10	12.5 / 25	10 / 30
L2	FS	125 / 125	125 / 125	250 / 50	62.5 / 125	50 / 160
LZ	Sub.	62.5 / 62.5	62.5 / 62.5	125 / 25	31.25 / 62.5	25 / 80
L3	FS	300 / 300	300 / 300	600 / 120	150 / 300	120 / 400
LS	Sub.	150 / 150	150 / 150	300 / 60	75 / 150	60 / 200
L4	FS	750 / 750	750 / 750	1500 / 300	375 / 750	300 / 800
L4	Sub.	375 / 375	375 / 375	750 / 150	187.5 / 375	150 / 400
L5	FS	1600 / <mark>1600</mark>	1600 / 1600	3200 / 640	800 / 1600	640 / 2000
LU	Sub.	800 / 800	800 / 800	1600 / 320	400 / 800	320 / 1000

CS117		2/1	2/1	3/3	4 / 1	4 / 5A
0.3	117	VL / IT V/A]	VT / IL [V/A]	VT / IL V/A]	VT / IL V/A]	V∟ / I⊤ [V/A]
L1	FS	300 / 600	Ø	600 / 120	Ø	300 / 1000
L1	Sub.	150 / 150	Ø	300 / 60	Ø	75 / 200
L2	FS	750 / <mark>1500</mark>	Ø	1500 / 300	Ø	750 / <mark>2000</mark>
LZ	Sub.	375 / 375	Ø	750 / 150	Ø	187.5 / 400



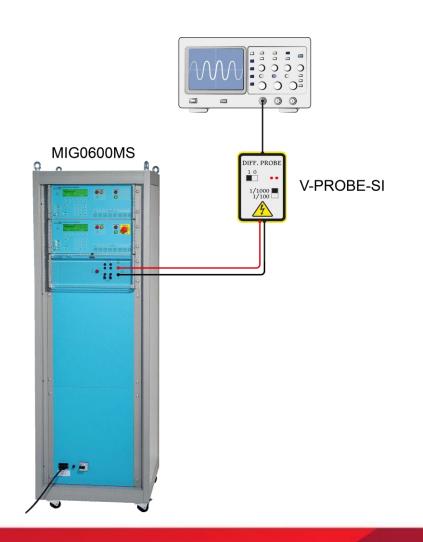
## Test levels compared: multiple burst MB

_	Waveforms			
S22 test level	3/3	6/6		
100110101	VT / IL [V/A]	VL / IT [V/A]		
1	60 / 1	100 / 5		
2	150 / 2.5	250 / 12.5		
3	360 / 6	600 / 30		
4	900 / 15	1500 / <mark>75</mark>		
5	1920 / 32	3200 / 160		

00447	3/3	6/6	
CS117	VT / IL [V/A]	VL / IT [V/A]	
1	360 / 6	600 / 30	
2	900 / 15	1500 / <mark>75</mark>	



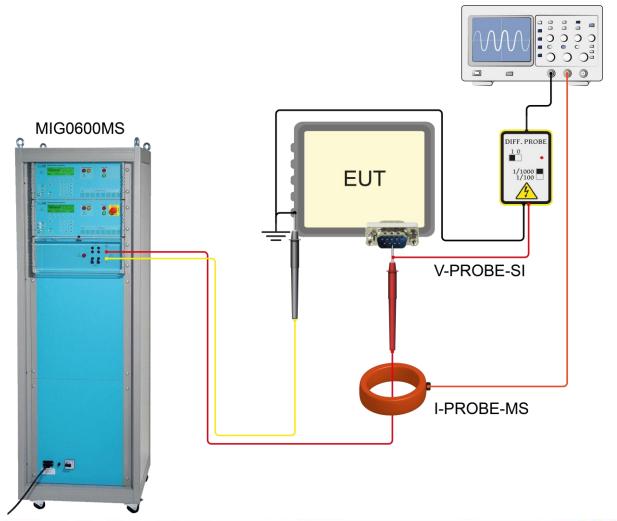
RTCA DO-160G Section 22: Pin injection WF4, L5, SS, voltage and current calibration





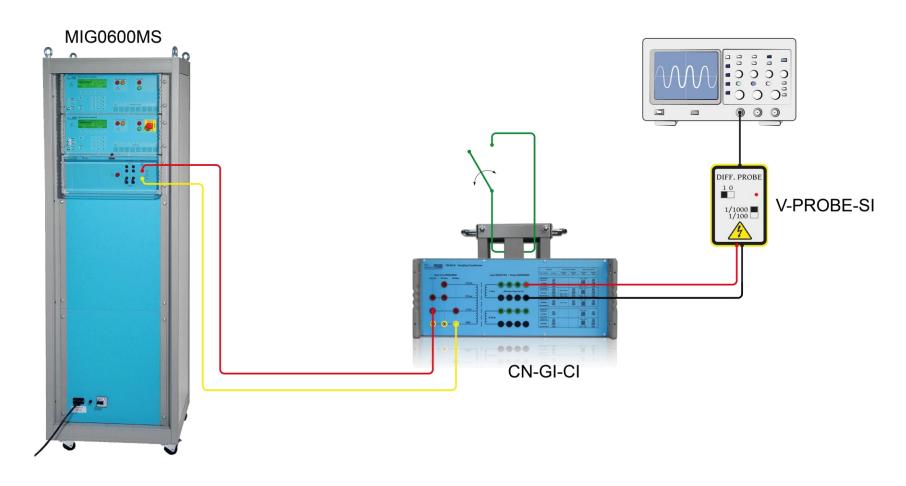


RTCA DO-160G Section 22: Pin injection WF4, L5, SS, test setup



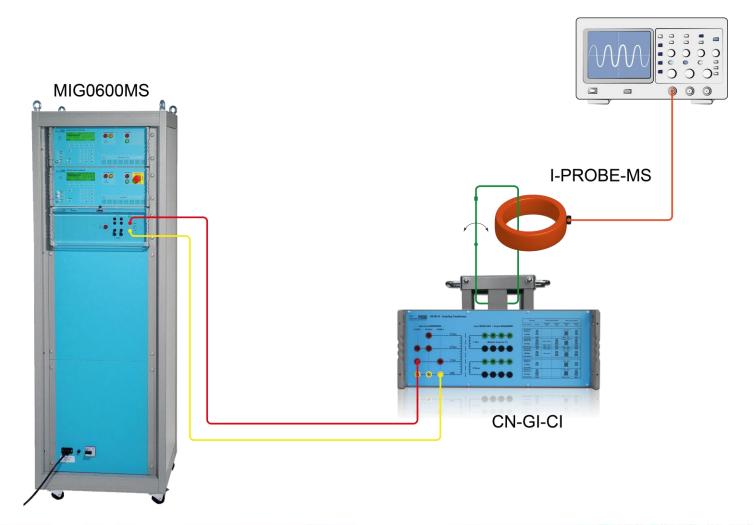


RTCA DO-160G Section 22: Cable induction WF1, L5, MS, voltage calibration



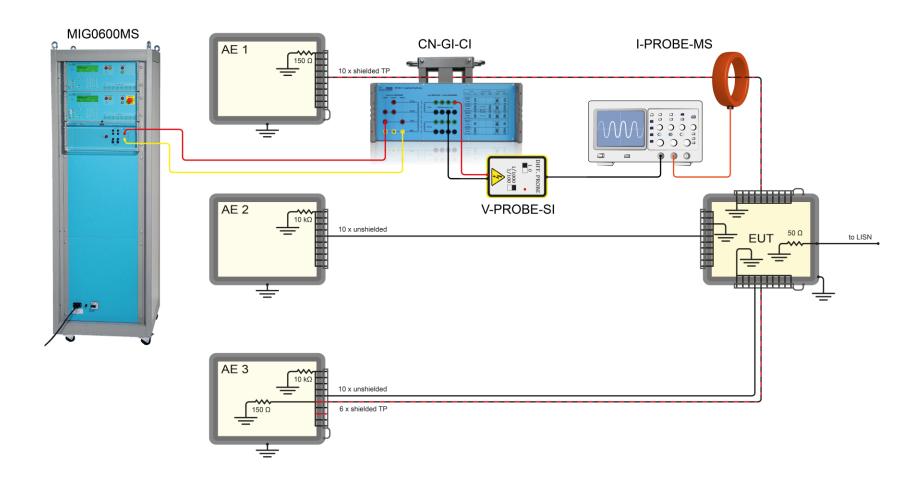


RTCA DO-160G Section 22: Cable induction WF1, L5, MS, current calibration



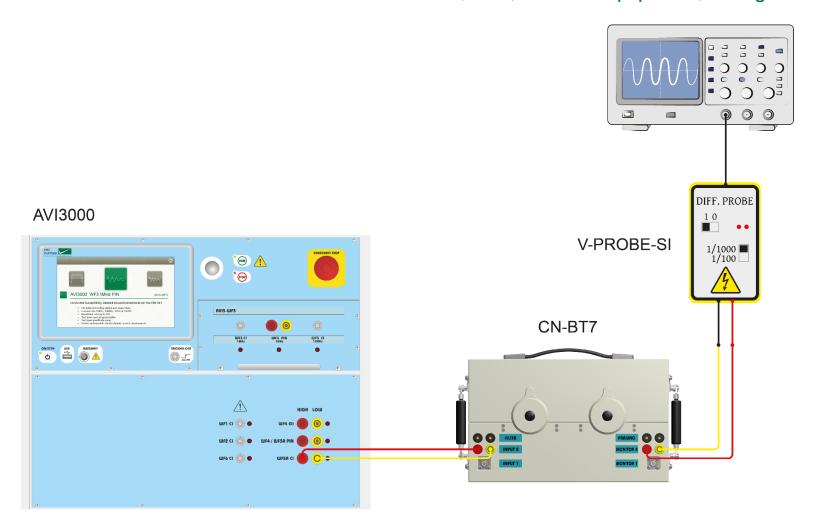


#### RTCA DO-160G Section 22: Cable induction WF1, L5, MS, test setup



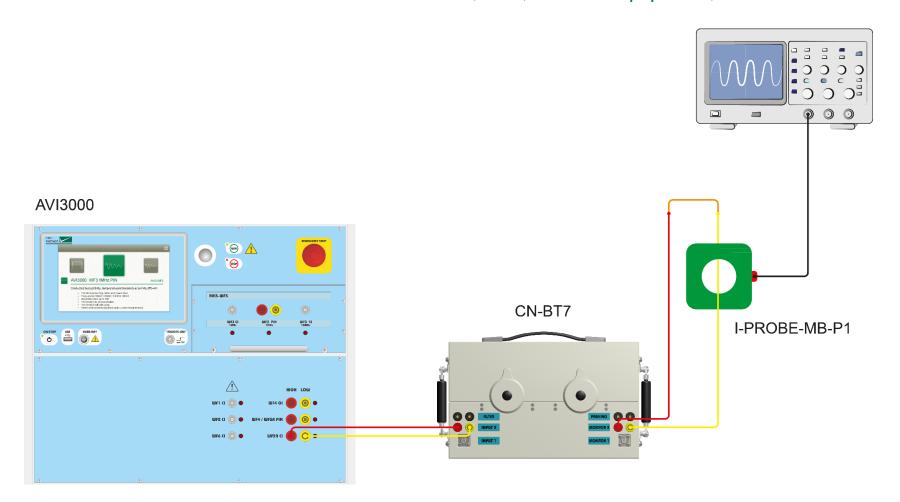


MIL-STD-461G CS117: Cable induction WF5A, MS, internal equipment, voltage calibration



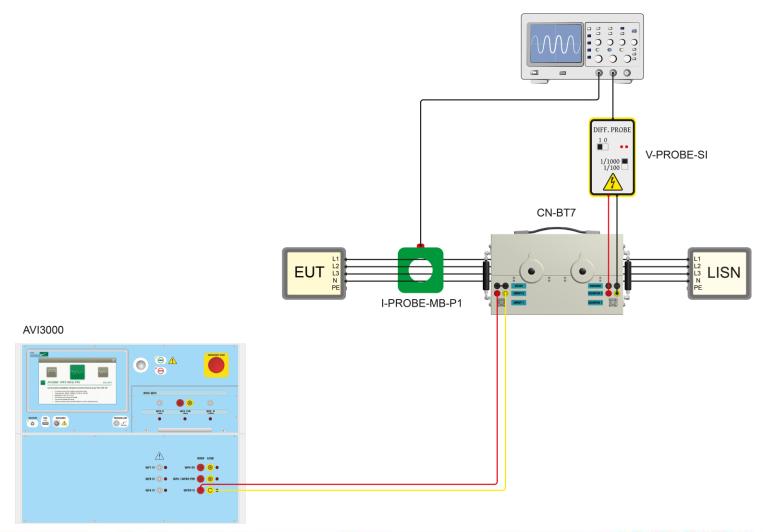


MIL-STD-461G CS117: Cable induction WF5A, MS, internal equipment, current calibration





MIL-STD-461G CS117: Cable induction WF5A, MS, internal equipment, test setup





#### Roundup

#### MIL-STD-461G CS117 test requirements

- ✓ Represent only a part of DO-160G S22 test requirements
- ✓ Applies to military aircraft and surface ships
- ✓ The only injection method is cable induction.
- ✓ No damage tests (pin injection) required
- ✓ No single stroke tests required



## Roundup

#### MIL-STD-461G CS117 test levels

- ✓ Only two test levels
- ✓ MIL test levels are generally between L3 and L5 from S22
- ✓ Not intended to address physical effects, only disturbance of functionality



#### Conclusion

RTCA DO-160G Section 22 and MIL-STD-461G CS117

✓ Are the requirements from analyzed standards the same?

## Jain!

✓ Are the two standards similar?

Up to a certain extent.







## Thanks for attending!

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